For Want of a Better Word

Developing a taxonomy for the teaching and training of end-of-life care from a scoping review of UK medical literature

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Background



Tower of Babel Destroyed by Phillip Medhurst

 Preparation for practice for recognising the patient transition towards the end of life – and clinical decision making at these times

Lack of universally accepted terms



Background



Tower of Babel Destroyed by Phillip Medhurst

 Multiple authors have commented on the problem⁽¹⁾

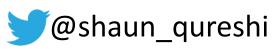
e.g. lack of agreement between WHO and European Association for Palliative Care on meaning of "palliative care" (2)

Being clear about language is important⁽³⁾

Research & Trials

Education

Clinical communication



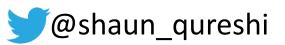


Aims

To explore and map the key terms and concepts related to medical care of patients who are approaching the end of life

To apply these findings to development of a clear taxonomy for use in teaching and training for care of patients approaching the end of life







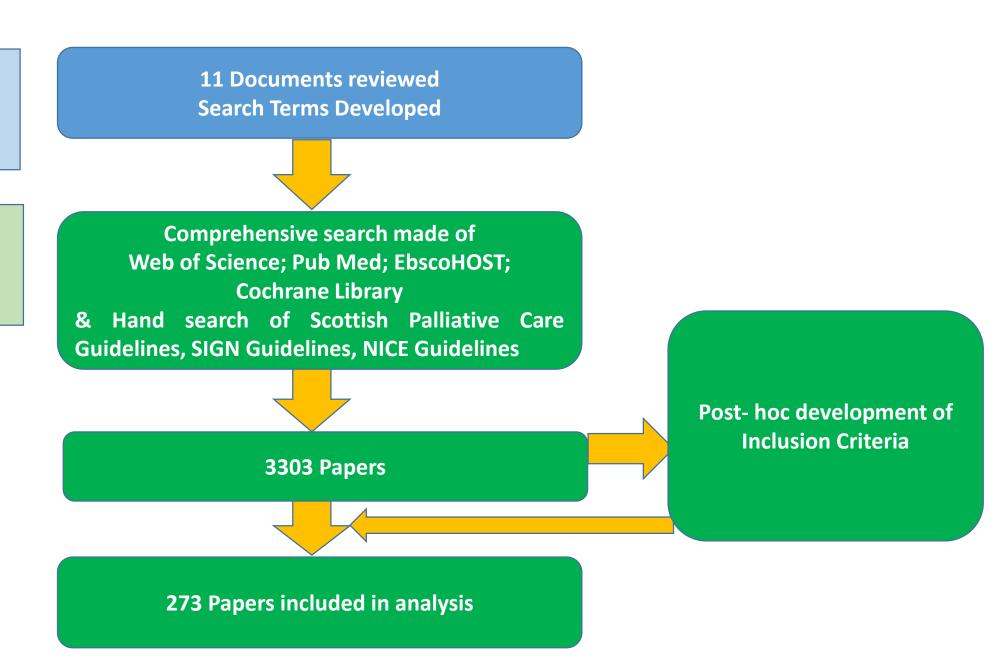
Phase One

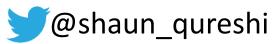
11 Documents reviewed Search Terms Developed



Phase One

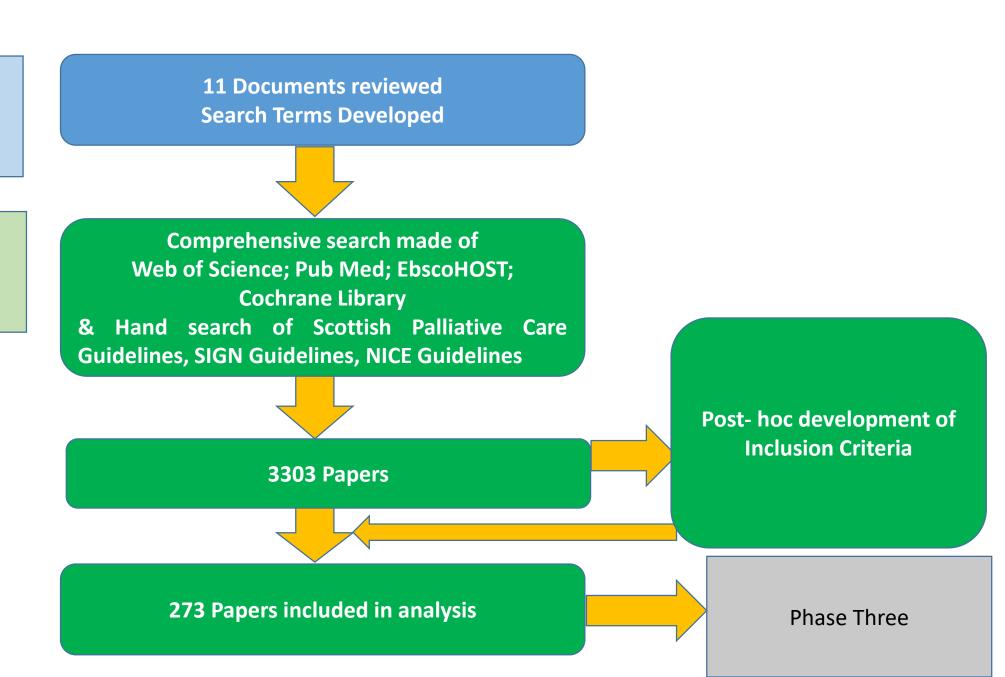
Phase Two





Phase One

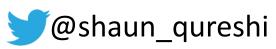
Phase Two





Findings

Palliative Care	End-of-Life Care	Good Death	Advance Care Planning	End-of-Life Decision Making
Life Limiting Conditions	Recognising Dying	Care of the Dying	Prognostication	Unmet supportive and palliative care needs
Advanced Condition	Assessment of the Dying Patient	Withdrawing Treatment	Active Treatment	Journey from diagnosis to terminal end stage
DNAR	Trajectory	Supportive Care	Progressive Illness	Witholding treatment
Preferred Place of Care	Medicalized Death	Bad Death	Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation	People at risk of deteriorating or dying
Irreversible	Conservative treatment	Advanced Decision to Refuse Treatment	Care Planning	Ceilings of care
Sudden Deterioration	Physician Assisted Dying	Curative Change Agent	Aggressive	Unpreventable Dying
Escalating medical care	Science of Uncertainty	Futile Treatment	Overtreatment	



Findings: Predicting Death

Prognostication

- Encompasses expectations of:
 - When patient will die;
 - When patient will suffer deteriorations;
 - The likely effects of treatments⁽⁵⁾;
- Accuracy is important but healthcare professionals are generally inaccurate
 - May be easier to be accurate in well defined disease trajectory
 - Still difficult if course of illness is well defined⁽⁶⁾



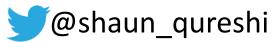
Findings: Predicting Death

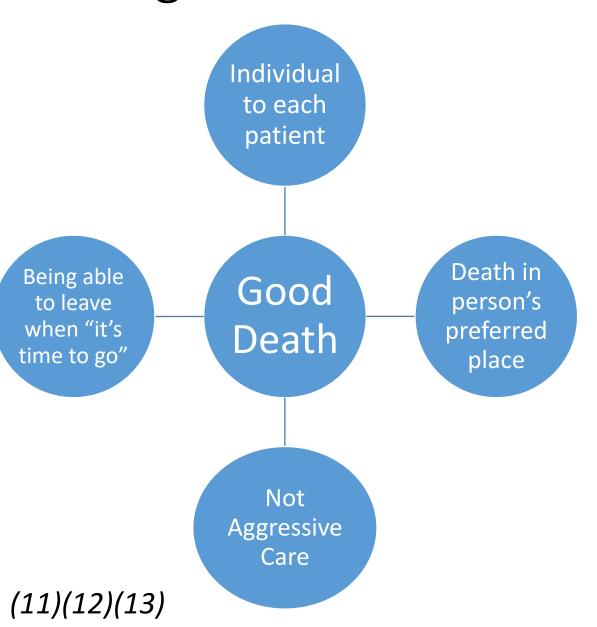
Prognostication

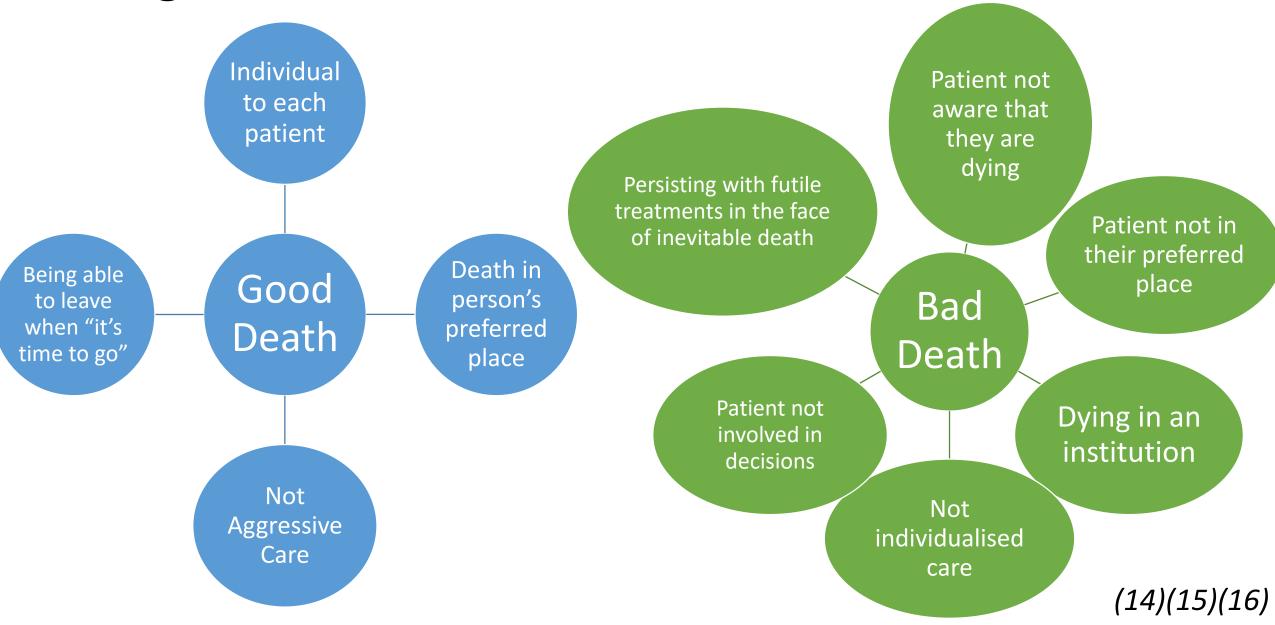
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Recognising Dying

- Important recognition of patients approaching the end of their life
- Recognition of...
 - uncertain recovery?⁽⁷⁾
 - people who are likely to die within the next twelve months?⁽⁸⁾
 - people who are in their last days of life?⁽⁹⁾
 - people who are in their last hours of life?⁽¹⁰⁾
 - Surprise question...







Advance Care Planning

Prognostication

Preferred Place of Care

Good Death

Advanced Decision to Refuse Treatment

Conservative treatment

End-of-Life Decision Making

Witholding treatment

Recognising Dying

Care of the Dying

Withdrawing Treatment

Supportive Care

Advance Care Planning

Prognostication

Preferred Place of Care

Good Death

Advanced Decision to Refuse Treatment

Conservative treatment

End-of-Life Decision Making

Witholding treatment

Recognising Dying

Care of the Dying

Withdrawing Treatment

Supportive Care

Active Treatment



Unmet supportive and palliative care needs

Medicalized Death

Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation

Life Prolonging

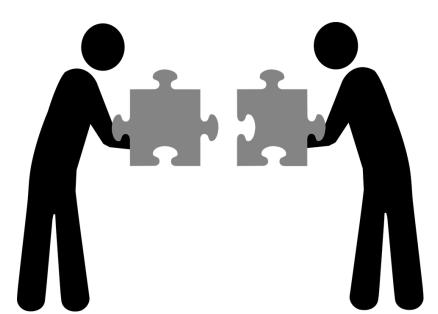
Escalating medical care

Futile Treatment

Aggressive

Overtreatment

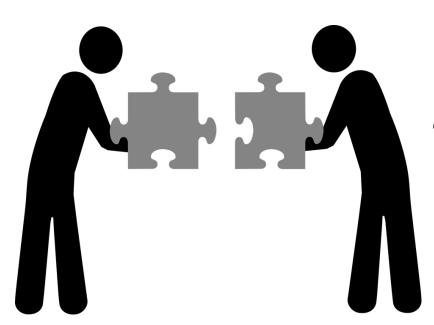
Implications for medical practice & education



- Language not being used consistently
- Literature discussing patients approaching the end of life does not consider medical treatments positively



Implications for medical practice & education



- Language not being used consistently
- Literature discussing patients approaching the end of life does not consider medical treatments positively
- Lessons for education?
 - Recognising dying and prognostication is difficult – acknowledge this
 - Acceptable to ask for clarification about what is meant
 - Vital to check that any medical interventions are justified – less medical input associated with a "good death"

Future Work



Consultation exercise

- Present findings to working healthcare professionals
- Can further inform and validate findings
- Refinement of taxonomy

Aim for more clearly defined terms to be used in future research work related to preparation for practice

Summary

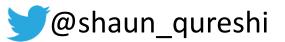
- Language used inconsistently conflicting understandings
 - Despite difficulties, important to strive to be clear and define terms
- Scoping review of literature discussing patients approaching end of life and qualitative analysis of concepts discussed
 - Development of a taxonomy of overlapping concept headings
 - Shed further light on inconsistent use of language
- Important but difficult to predict death
- Medical input towards end of life generally considered unfavourably
- Future work will aim to refine taxonomy and optimally incorporate findings into preparation for practice



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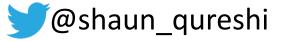
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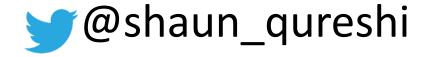
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This work was supported by an award from the University of Edinburgh Principal's Teaching Award Scheme



